TAMIL NADU AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY

PROCEEDINGS

29th Sugarcane Scientists Meet (April 26-27, 2021)

Lead Center

Sugarcane Research Station

Tamil Nadu Agricultural University Cuddalore – 607 001

Directorate of Research

Tamil Nadu Agricultural University Coimbatore - 641 003

2021

PROCEEDINGS

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29th Sugarcane Scientists' Meet (April 26-27, 2021)

The 29th Sugarcane Scientists Meet was held during April 26-27, 2021 at the Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore, through on-line connecting all scientists across the University College Campuses, Research Stations and KVKs besides main campus. **Dr. K.S. Subramanian**, Director of Research welcomed the sugarcane scientists of TNAU and provided current sugarcane production in the country and the State of Tamil Nadu. **Dr. N. Kumar**, Vice Chancellor emphasized the importance of sugarcane in the country as a sugar crop as well as energy crop. Since sugarcane area has drastically reduced in the past five years, TNAU and Sugarcane Breeding Institute, Coimbatore, has a big role to play in sustaining sugar production the State. Despite globally, India stands second in sugar production (30.3 million tonnes in 2018-19) next to Brazil (32 million tonnes), there is regional imbalance within the country.

The Director of Research elucidated the sugarcane production scenarios in the State of Tamil Nadu. He joined with the Vice Chancellor highlighting the reduction in area, cane production and sugar production by 64%, 67% and 32.9%, respectively, in the past five years. He flagged off few issues such as promotion of TNAU (Co. 13339 & CoG 6) and SBI (Co. 11015 Atulya) improved sugarcane varieties in the sugar mill area up to 20%, encourage farmers to adopt Sustainable Sugarcane Initiative (SSI), large scale demo of sugarcane booster in 1000 acres as per Commissionerate sugars, ratoon management, complete mechanization and assessment of extraneous materials. The Action Taken Reports on the 28th Sugarcane Scientists Meet was presented by Technical Directors. During the pre-review, the technical directors had reviewed the on-going university research projects (7), action plan projects (11), core projects (4), AICRPs (1) besides externally funded projects (6).

The outcome of the review process was presented by **Dr. S. Geetha**, Director (CPBG), **Dr. S. Panneerselvam**, Director (WTC), **Dr. R. Santhi**, Director (DNRM) and **Dr. K. Prabakar**, Director (CPPS). **Dr. A. Velayutham**, Dean (i/c), AC & RI, Echangkottai, narrated the assessment of extraneous materials in sugarcane which is the need of the hour in the context of machine harvest was determined as 6.5%. The extraneous materials include tops, sheath and others etc which was assessed as suggested by the Commissioner of Sugars during the 85th Scientific Workers Conference of the TNAU. The Director of Research summarized the activities of the Sugarcane Scientists Meet and suggested strenuous efforts required to bring back the glory of the sugar industry in the State of Tamil Nadu. The way forward includes inclusion of improved recently released varieties, farm mechanization, timely harvest and payment to the farmers. **Dr. A. Velayutham**, Dean (i/c), AC & RI, Echangkottai, proposed a formal vote of thanks.

The proceedings of the 29th CSM on Sugarcane meet is furnished as below

I. CROP IMPROVEMENT

- A. Decisions made on the entries for Variety Release/ART/OFT/MLT
- B. Action Plan 2021-2022
- C. Research projects on Sugarcane
- D. Remarks on the ongoing projects

II. CROP MANAGEMENT

- A. Decisions made on OFT
- B. Action Plan 2019-2022
- C. Research projects on Sugarcane
- D. Remarks on the ongoing projects

III. NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- A. Decisions made on OFT
- B. OFT/Action Plan 2021-2022
- C. Research projects on Sugarcane
- D. Remarks on the ongoing projects

IV. CROP PROTECTION

- A. Decisions made on OFT
- B. Action Plan 2021-2022
- C. Research projects on Sugarcane
- D. Remarks on the ongoing projects

V. GENERAL REMARKS

VI. LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

I. CROP IMPROVEMENT

A. Decisions made on the entries for variety release /ART/MLT evaluation

i). Entries for variety release proposal/ART/OFT/MLT (2020-2021)

Recommendations for Central Release/State Release/ART/MLT/AICRP trials

A1. Variety release

Culture recommended for state release during 2022: G 2005 047

S. No.	Clone	Parentage	Cane yield (t/ha)	CCS %	Sugar yield (t/ha)	Reaction to red rot
1.	G 2005-047	89 V 74 GC	132.0	13.0	17.2	MR
	Co 86032		110.3	13.0	14.3	
	CoG 94077		112.5	12.8	14.4	

Special features:

- 1. Early maturing, high yielding and sugar recovery
- 2. High sugar purity and jaggery recovery
- 3. Performs better under salt affected soils
- 4. Moderately resistant to red rot

ii). Cultures identified for ART 2021-22

The clones *viz.,* C 2014-516, G 2008-019, G 10045, Co 14004, Co 14012 and check varieties *viz.,* CoC 13339, CoG 6, TNAU Si 8, Co 86032 and Co 11015 were planted in ART I plant during 2021-22 as non replicated trial in mill site for 20 rows of 5 m row length per entry.

The traits need to be recorded are listed below

- 1. Number of millable Cane ('000/ha) at harvest
- 2. Stalk length (cm) at harvest
- 3. CCS (%) at 10th month and 12th month
- 4. Cane yield (t/ha) at harvest
- 5. Sugar yield (t/ha) at harvest

iii). Cultures identified for testing under Multi Location Trial 2022-23

S. No.	Clone	Parentage	Cane yield (t/ha)	CCS %	Sugar yield (t/ha)	Reaction to red rot (by plug method)
1.	C 16122	CoN 05071 PC	131.6	12.9	17.0	
2.	C 16337	Co 775 GC	128.4	13.0	16.7	
3.	C 16338	Co 775 GC	133.7	13.1	17.5	MR
4.	G 2014-036	G 08 007 GC	130.0	13.3	18.3	
5.	Si 2014–049	CoSi (SC) 6 GC	158.5	12.4	19.6	
6.	Co 17001	Co 0327 x Co 0218	109.6	15.18	16.6	
7.	Co 13003	Co 86011 x CoT 8201	145.2	15.0	21.8	R (nodal
8.	Co 15003	CoM 0265 x Co 89003	106.5	13.9	14.9	method)

Standards: Co 86032, Co 11015, CoC 13339, TNAU Si 8 and CoG 6 (all testing centres shall multiply the standards in their locations to reduce the burden of seed cane transport) Plot size: 5 m row length x 5 rows x 1.2 m row space

Replications: Three

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Time of planting: Jan – Feb 2022

Age of the crop: 12 month

Seed rate: 12 buds per meter

Traits to be observed:

- 1. Germination% at 30 DAP
- 2. Number of tillers ('000/ha) at 120 DAP
- 3. Number of shoots ('000/ha) at 240 DAP
- 4. Number of millable Cane ('000/ha) at harvest
- 5. Stalk length (cm) at harvest
- 6. Stalk diameter (cm) at harvest
- 8. Single cane weight (kg) at harvest
- 9. Cane yield (t/ ha) at harvest
- 10. CCS (%) at 10th month and 12th month
- 11. Sugar yield (t/ha) at harvest

Locations:

- 1. SRS, Cuddalore
- 2. SRS, Sirugamani
- 3. SRS, Melalathur
- 4. CPBG, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 5. SBI, Coimbatore

Scientist's in-charge:

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- 1. Dr. R. Sudhagar, Associate Professor (PBG), SRS, Melalathur
- 2. Dr. M. Shanmuganathan, Asst. Professor (PBG), SRS, Cuddalore
- 3. Dr. M. Sakila, Asst. Professor (PBG), SRS, Sirugamani
- 4. Dr. Asish K Binodh, Assistant Professor (PB&G), DCPBG, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 5. Scientist designated by the Director, SBI, Coimbatore

iv.) Clones identified for proposing to AICRP (S) – ZVT – 2021

S. No.	Clone no.	Parentage	Maturity group	Cane yield (t/ha)	CCS %	Sugar yield (t/ha)	Reaction to red rot
1.	C 16122	CoN 05071 PC	Early	131.6	12.9	17.0	MR
2.	C 16337	Co 775 GC	Early	128.4	13.0	16.7	MR
3.	C 16338	Co 775 GC	Mid-late	133.7	13.1	17.5	MR
4.	G 2008-019	CoV 92102 GC	Mid-late	129.7	13.4	18.2	MR

Action plan 1 to 6 may be followed as per the plan.

Action Plan 7.	development of p	ore breeding	etween <i>Erianthus</i> and <i>Sacc</i> population for increasing can itent and wider adaptability t	ne yield in plant
	Activity	Centres	Plan of work	Deliverables
	2021-22 Crossing at NHG, ICAR-SBI, CBE	SRS, Cuddalore	Crossing between high sugar varieties (CoC 671, Co 86032, Co 94012, Co 11015, CoC 13339 <i>etc.</i>) and <i>E.</i>	pre breeding
	Crossing at Sirugamani	SRS, Sirugamani	arundinaceus.	yield in plant and ratoon crop, bio
	2022-23 Fluff seedling development and evaluation	SRS, Cuddalore	Fluff seedling evaluation and selection of hybrids with tall and thick stem, good HRR Brix, more tillers, high individual cane weight.	mass content and wider
	2023-24 Multiplication of selected clones and conducting SMT for quality analysis	SRS, Cuddalore SRS, Melalathur SRS, Sirugamani	The selected clones will be multiplied and the juice quality will be assessed in the multiplication plot and selected clones supplied to other stations for further crossing and evaluation for yield, biomass and wider adaptability	

C. RESEARCH PROJECTS ON SUGARCANE

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S. No.	Discipline/Station	University Research Projects	AICRP project	Externally Funded Project	Total	No. of Scientists
1.	SRS, Cuddalore	1	1	-	2	2
2.	SRS, Melalathur	1	-	-	1	1
3.	SRS, Sirugamani	2	-	-	2	1
4.	DCPBG, TNAU, CBE	1	-	1	1	1
	Total	5	1	-	6	5

D. REMARKS OF ONGOING PROJECTS

No.	Project No. and Tit	e Project lea	aders	Duration Remarks
	D1. l	Jniversity Researcl	h Projects (l	JRPs)
1.	CPBG/CDL/PBG/SUG/ 2020/001 Evaluation and identification of high yielding and quality varieties with inbuilt red rot resistance to cater the needs of Tamil Nadu cane farmers and sugar mills	PI: Dr. C. Babu, Professor (PBG) and Head, SRS, Cuddalore Co PI: Dr. V. Ravichandran, Asst. Professor (PI. Pathology), SRS, Cuddalore	Apr 2020- Mar 2025	The project shall be continued. Thrust may give for high sugar clones.
2.	CPBG/MLT/PBG/SUG/ 2019/001 Evolution of high yielding and quality sugarcane clones with red rot tolerance	PI: Dr. R. Sudhagar, Associate Professor (PBG) and Head, SRS, Melalathur	Dec 2019 - Nov 2022	The project shall be continued. Separate trial may be conducted for jaggery yield assessment.
3.	CPBG/SRS/PBG/SUG/ 2020/001 Development of improved sugar content varieties in sugarcane through mutagenesis.	PI: Dr. M. Sakila, Assistant Professor (PBG), SRS, Sirugamani	Dec 2020 Dec 2025	The project shall be continued. Care must be taken during selection in M ₁ population.
4.	CPBG/SRS/PBG/SUG/ 2021/002 Evolving mid-late maturing sugarcane	PI: Dr. M. Sakila, Assistant Professor (PBG),	Feb 2021 - Jan 2026	The project shall be continued. Explore the possibilities to select the clones for co-gen

	varieties with resistance to red rot and smut disease suitable for Cauvery delta zone.	SRS, Sirugamani			and distillery	purpose.	
5.	CPBG/CBE/PBG/SUG/ 2020/001 Maintenance of hybridization garden of Sugarcane with core germplasm	PI: Dr. Asish K Binodh Assistant Professor (PBG) DCPBG, Coimbatore	August 2020 - July 2025		The proje continued.	ect shall be	
	D2. AICRPs						
6.	AICRP/PBG /CUD/SUG /025 AICRP on Sugarcane	Dr. M. Shanmuagan Asst. Professor (PB&G)	than,	Con	itinuous	The project shall be continued.	

II. CROP MANAGEMENT

A. DECISION MADE ON OFT

I. Technology for adoption

1. Optimization of fertilizer dose for chewing cane selection from Venkettanpettai

The land race of Venkatanpettai chewing cane applied with 125% more of the recommended dose of N, P, K recorded the highest brix value of 19.2 which is an important parameter for chewing cane with highest marketable cane of 118.2 (000/ha).

2. New generation herbicides molecules and its combination on management of creeper weeds in sugarcane

Post emergence directed spraying of Halosulphuron @ 0.2% on 4 to 5 months combined with detrashing in the 5th and the 7th month effectively controls the creeper weeds such as *Ipomea alba, Coccinia grandis, Chinchosia minima* and *Halothria madraspatnansis* to the extent of 50 per cent over hand weeding.

3. Silicon nutrition on physiology, yield and quality of sugarcane under drought condition

Soil application of silica solublizer @ 12.5 kg + 50kg FYM/ha + Sett treatment of 0.5% K_2SiO_3 alone + 2.5% urea and potash spray on 15 days interval from 60 to 150 DAP can be recommended to increase drought tolerance of sugarcane crop.

Action Plan	Optimisation of fertigation schedule for sugarcane through micro- irrigation techniques under SSI	Treatment details	Activity
Objective To optimize the irrigation requirement, improve the fertilizer use efficiency and reduce the cost of cultivation. Period November 2019 to November 2022	Theme Leader:Dr.S.Panneerselvam, Director, Water Technology Centre, TNAU, CoimbatoreImplementing centres: SRS, Sirugamani SRS, Melalathur	Treatments: A. Drip irrigation with SSI I ₁ - Subsurface drip at 75 % PE – Irrigation once in two days I ₂ - Subsurface drip at 100 % PE – Irrigation once in two days I ₃ - Farmers practice – surface irrigation B. Nutrient levels (300:100:200 kg NPK/ha) N ₁ - 100 % of recommended dose of NPK/ha through water soluble N ₂ - 125 % of recommended dose of NPK/ha through water soluble N ₃ - 100 % of recommended dose of NPK/ha through Urea, Super and MOP N ₄ - 125 % of recommended dose of NPK/ha through Urea, Super and MOP	Field experiments were conducted with promising sugarcane varieties CoC 13339 Co Si 8 and promising culture G2005047 in three locations <i>viz.</i> , Cuddalore Sirugamani and Melalathur respectively In all the locations the crop was harvested and data on yield and quality parameters were recorded and analysed In all the three locations, Sub Surface Drip Irrigation at 100 % PE once in two days found to be the best and increased cane yield to the tune of 20 percent over farmers method of surface irrigation. Provision of irrigation through Sub Surface Drip system ensured Optimum supply of water and nutrients. Moreover, 50 percent of water saving was realized ir drip method of irrigation. Application 125 % of RDF of N:P:K /ha through water soluble could enhance yield to the tune of 20 per cent over 100% RDF through soi application and recorded mean cane and sugar yields of 134.70 and 16.31 tonnes ha ^{-1,} respectively.

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I_3 - Farmers practice Application of 300:100:200 kg of NPK/ha sett treatment with fungicides, flooding irrigation, trash burning and no- detrashing.
Spacing 90 cm, manual cutting and planting, sett treatment with fungicides, flooding irrigation, manual weeding, trash burning, no detrashing and earthing up, manual harvesting.

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C. RESEARCH PROJECTS ON SUGARCANE

List of Projects

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PROJECTS	Agronomy	Crop Physiology	TOTAL
Action Plan	1	-	1
University Research Projects	-	2	2
On Farm Trial	2	1	3
Total	3	3	6

D. REMARKS ON THE ONGOING PROJECTS

E. Agronomy

S. No.	Project number and title	Period	Investigators	Remarks
1.	DCM/CDR/AGR/ SUG/2020/001/Action plan Optimisation of fertigation schedule for sugarcane through micro- irrigation techniques under SSI	2019 to 2022	Theme Leader: Dr.S.Panneerselvam, Director, Water Technology Centre, TNAU, Coimbatore Implementing centre: SRS, Sirugamani SRS, Melalathur	The project may be continued in the ratoon crop at SRS, Sirugamani and SRS, Melalathur

2. Crop Physiology

S. No.	Project number and Title	Period	Investigators	Remarks
1.	DCM/CDR/CRP/SUG/ 2018/CP174 Studies on the effect of organic and inorganic inoculants on post-harvest deterioration under manual and mechanical harvest in sugarcane	2019 to 2021	PI:Tmt. R. Anitha Asst. Prof.(CRP) Co-PI: Dr. G. Gayathry Asst.Prof. (AGM)	The project may be closed and completion report may be submitted after submission of a research article in NAAS rated (>6.00) /impact factor journal

2.	DCM/CDL/CRP/SUG/ 2021/001 Studies on the effect of nutrient solution along with growth promoting hormones and beneficial soil microbes on population of cane,	2020 to 2024	PI:Tmt. R. Anitha Asst. Prof.(CRP) Co-PI: Dr. G. Gayathry Asst. Prof. (AGM)	Currently PI is doing Ph.D. in TNAU, Coimbatore. Hence the project may be kept in abeyance.
	on population of cane, physiology and yield of sugarcane			

III. NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

A. DECISION MADE ON OFT

I. Technology for adoption

- *Kombucha,* a functional beverage derived from Symbiotic Cultures of Bacteria and Yeast (SCOBY) was developed, optimized and standardized. The product *Kombucha* will be submitted for Technology Transfer through Director, ABD, TNAU, Coimbatore.
- Placement of Nutri-pellet pack @ 4 pellets plant⁻¹ (50% as basal and 50% at 90 DAP) + Sugar industry bio compost (SIBC) @ 2 t ha⁻¹ resulted in increased growth, yield parameters, Commercial Cane Sugar percentage (CCS) and sugar yield with mean cane yield of 128.5 t ha⁻¹ and BCR of 1.85. This technology is suitable for SSI method of planting in areas where fertigation is not feasible through drip irrigation.
- Soil compaction due to mechanization can be managed by chisel ploughing at early stages of land preparation and application of FYM @ 12.5 t ha⁻¹ which recorded the highest cane and sugar yield of 157.8 and 15.9 t ha⁻¹ respectively when compared to farmer's practice of disc ploughing (134.0 t ha⁻¹ cane yield and 13.5 t ha⁻¹ sugar yield). The practice of chisel ploughing improved the soil physical properties such as bulk density, porosity, hydraulic conductivity and infiltration rate.

B. OFT/ACTION PLAN (2021-2022)

a. OFT 1: Evaluation of "TNAU Trash-D" for *in-situ* sugarcane trash decomposition (2021-2022) Objective: To evaluate the effect of "TNAU Trash-D" formulation on *in-situ* trash decomposition in ratoon cane

ACTION:

Lead centre & Scientist In-charge

SRS, Cuddalore: Dr. G. Gayathry, Asst. Professor (Agricultural Microbiology) **Dept. of ENS, TNAU, Coimbatore:** Dr. P. Kalaiselvi, Asst. Professor (ENS)

Co-ordinating centres & Scientists in-charge

- 1. ADAC&RI, Trichy : Dr. K.G. Anitha, Assistant Professor (Ag.Micro.) &
 - Dr. J.Ejilane, Assistant Professor (Ag.Micro.)
- 2. IOA, Kumulur : Dr.M. Baskar, Assoc. Professor (SS&AC) AEC&RI, Kumulur : Dr. A. Barani, Assoc. Professor (ENS)

Treatments

- T_1 : TNAU Trash D (32.5 kg ha⁻¹) *
- T_2 : TNAU Biomineralizer (24 kg ha⁻¹)*
- * (along with cow dung (500 kg ha⁻¹) + urea (25kg ha⁻¹) + Rock phosphate (250 kg ha⁻¹) + Gypsum (250 kg ha⁻¹)

Application: First dose is applied immediately after stubble shaving operation *i.e.*, within 7-10 days after harvest, clearing of trashes on the ridges to the furrows, and second dose on 30^{th} and the third dose on 50^{th} day after harvest. If rock phosphate is not available SSP @ 100 kg ha⁻¹ may be used.

Note: TNAU Trash -D formulation

- Liquid formulation of *Bacillus mucilaginosus* (10⁹ cfu ml⁻¹)
- Fungal cultures namely *Chaetomium globosum* TNAU cg 6 and *Trichoderma viridi* TNAU TV1 (each 10⁶ cfu ml⁻¹)
- Cow dung (40 kg per tonne of trash) or Yeast molasses (20 litres per tonne of trash) (to be added during field application)
- Rock phosphate (20 kg per tonne of trash) or SSP (10 kg per tonne of trash) (to be added during field application)
- Gypsum (20 kg per tonne of trash) (to be added during field application)

Observations and Analysis

- 1. Organic C, N, P, K and Si (initial, 10th, 30th, 50th days of ratooning in trash)
- 2. *In-situ* CO₂ Analysis
- 3. Soil rhizosphere bacterial and fungal population on 10th, 30th, 50th days of ratooning
- 4. Cane yield

b. Action Plan: 2021-2022 (To be continued)

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Action Plan	Studies on the effect of "TNAU Trash - D" formulation for <i>in-situ</i> decomposition of sugarcane tra and its impact on the yield of ratoon cane				
		Activity	Deliverables		
Impact of TNAU Trash-D in augmentation of soil fertility for improved cane productivity Justification: * TNAU Trash -D A bacterial and fungal consortium along with inorganic nutrients developed and standardised exclusively for sugarcane trash decomposition at SRS, Cuddalore	_	Treatments: T_1 -TNAU Trash-D @ 20 kg ha ^{-1*} at 15 daysinterval + 125 % RDF T_2 - TNAU Trash-D @ 30 kg ha ^{-1*} at 15 daysinterval + 125 % RDF T_3 - TNAU Trash-D @ 20 kg ha ^{-1*} at 15 daysinterval + 100 % RDF T_4 - TNAU Trash-D @ 30 kg ha ^{-1*} at 15 daysinterval + 100 % RDF T_5 - TNAU Trash-D @ 20 kg ha ^{-1*} at 15 daysinterval + 100 % RDF T_5 - TNAU Trash-D @ 20 kg ha ^{-1*} at 15 daysinterval + 75 % RDF T_6 - TNAU Trash-D @ 30 kg ha ^{-1*} at 15 daysinterval + 75 % RDF T_7 - 100 % RDF alone + untreated trashes(Control)*10 th , 25 th , 40 th after harvest of the plantcrop(TNAU Trash-D should be mixed with cowdung slurry (400 kg in 1000 liters of waterper hectare and sprayed with boom sprayeron the trashes) Replications: Three	can be developed and disseminated to farmers for <i>in-situ</i>		

Observations to be recorded: Growth and yield parameters, soil nutrient status, C:N ratio, Quantification of soil hydrolytic enzymes (dehydrogenases, urease and phosphatase), estimation of growth promoters (IAA and Cytokinins)	
Rationale To alleviate the activity of burning of trashes after cane harvest and to study the effect of trash decomposing microbial consortium for increased soil fertility and sustainable sugarcane yield.	

C. RESEARCH PROJECTS ON SUGARCANE

a. List of Projects

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PROJECTS	SS&AC	AGM	TOTAL
Action Plan	-	1	1
University Research Projects	-	1	1
AICRP Projects	1	-	1
Externally Funded Projects	-	1	1
On Farm Trial	3	-	3
Total	4	3	7

D. REMARKS ON THE ONGOING PROJECTS

1. Soil Science and Agricultural Chemistry

S.	Project number and title	Period	Investigators	Remarks
No.				
1.	NRM/CDR/SAC/ SUG/2016/001 Assessing the effect of mechanization on soil compaction in sugarcane and developing suitable management strategies.	Nov' 2016 to Dec' 2020	Dr.M.Jayachandran Professor (Agronomy), AC&RI, Eachankottai & Dr. N. Chandrasekaran, Professor (SS&AC) Dept. of Soil Science & Agrl. Chemistry, TNAU, Cbe	Completion report to be submitted at the earliest.
2.	AICRP/NRM/CBE/SAC/004 All India Coordinated Research Project on Micro and Secondary nutrients and Polluted elements in soils and plants: Optimizing the rate and frequency of foliar spraying of multi-micronutrients for improving the productivity of sugarcane.	2020-2021	Dr. D. Jegadeeswari, Assoc. Prof. (SS&AC) Dept. of Soil Science & Agrl. Chemistry, TNAU, Cbe	The project may be continued.

2. Agricultural Microbiology

S. No.	Project number and Title	Period	Investigators	Remarks
1.	NRM/CDL/AGM/SUG/2020/00 1 <i>In-situ</i> decomposition of sugarcane trash and stubbles using biosolublizers and its impact on the yield of	July 2019 to July 2021	Dr. G. Gayathry Asst. Professor (Agrl. Micro), SRS, Cuddalore	The findings of the project may be proposed for OFT.

2.	manual and machine harvested ratoon cane. NRM/CDL/AGM/ SUG/2020/New (Action plan: 2020-2021) Studies on the effect of trash solubilizers for <i>in-situ</i> decomposition of sugarcane trash and its impact on the yield of ratoon cane.	July 2020 to July 2023	Dr. G. Gayathry Asst. Professor (Agrl. Micro) & Dr. P. Kalaiselvi, Asst. Professor (ENS), TNAU, Cbe	The project may be continued in plant crop followed by a ratoon crop.
Exte	rnally funded project		I	
1.	GoI/NRM/CDL/AGM/2017 Fermentative Production of GABA enriched <i>Kombucha</i> : a value-added functional plant beverage (FPB) from underutilized fruits.	March 2017 to March 2020	PI- Dr. G. Gayathry Asst. Professor (Agrl. Micro) SRS, Cuddalore Co-PI: Dr. N.O. Gopal, Professor (Agrl. Micro), Dept. of Microbiology, TNAU, Cbe	The technology may be given for adoption by ToT process thorough Directorate of Agri Business Development, TNAU, Coimbatore. The completion report may be submitted at the earliest.

On Farm trials of 2020 – 2021 to be continued for 2021-2022

S. No.	Title and Period	Coordinating centre and Scientists	Scientists incharge and centres	Remarks
1.	OFT- 1: Assessing the effect of mechanization on soil compaction in sugarcane and developing suitable management strategies (2020- 2022)	Dr. N. Chandrasekaran Professor (SS&AC), Dept. of Soil Science & Agrl. Chemistry, TNAU, Cbe	Dr.M. Jayachandran Professor (Agronomy) (AC&RI, Eachangkottai) Dr. G. Gayathry, Assistant Professor (Ag.Microbiol.), SRS, Cuddalore	Recommended for adoption based on the results of Cuddalore centre. The ongoing OFT at Coimbatore may be completed and the pooled results are to be reported to DNRM at the earliest.
2.	OFT- 2: Nutri - pellet Pack Fertilization in Sugarcane (2019-2021)	Dr. D. Jegadeeswari, Assoc. Prof. (SS&AC) Dept. of Soil Science & Agrl. Chemistry, TNAU, Cbe	Scientist in-charge: Dr. L. Chitra Professor (SS&AC, HC &RI (W), Trichy) Dr. G. Gayathry, Assistant Professor (Ag.Microbiol.) SRS, Cuddalore	Recommended for adoption.

3.	OFT-3:	Dr. D. Jegadeeswari,	Scientist in-charge:	May be continued
	Developing multi	Assoc. Prof. (SS&AC)	Dr. G. Gayathry,	and the results are
	micronutrient foliar	Dept. of Soil Science	Assistant Professor	to be reported as
	formulation for	& Agrl. Chemistry,	(Ag.Microbiol.)	and when the trials
	alleviating the	TNAU, Cbe	SRS, Cuddalore	are completed.
	micronutrient		Dr. M. Baskar, Assoc.	
	deficiencies in		Prof (SS&AC), IoA,	
	sugarcane (2020-2022)		Kumulur	

IV. CROP PROTECTION

A. DECISION MADE ON OFT

I. Technology for adoption

 Installation of sex pheromone trap @20/acre was effective in mass trapping of moths of internode borer which registered a maximum mean male catch / trap of 7.02 with the lowest mean per cent damage of INB (19.36 %), maximum yield of 100.6 t ha⁻¹ and maximum CB ratio of 1.96

B. ACTION PLAN (2021-2022)

a. FOR OFT

OFT 1: Evaluation of insecticides against early shoot borer under wider row planting

Treatments

- T₁ Fipronil 5 SC @ 1.5 litre/ha
- T₂ Chlorantraniliprole 18.5 SC @ 375 ml/ha
- T₃ Untreated control

Design: RBD Replications: 7

Time of application at 15% incidence

Theme Leader: Dr. S. Douressamy, AC & RI, Vazhavachanur

Centers:

AC & RI, VazhavachanurDr. S. DouressamyAC&RI, EachenkottaiDr. A. ThirumuruganSRS, CuddaloreDr. S. PasupathyKVK, SirugamaniDr. Sheeba JasmineARS, BhavanisagarDr. K. Ganesan

b. For information

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- Two clones *viz.*, C 2016-261 and 2016-335 were identified as moderately susceptible to early shoot borer (ESB) damage and 18 clones *viz.*, C 2016-031, C 2016-035, C 2016-038, C 2016-069, C 2016-086, C 2016-097, C 2016-108, C 2016-122, C 2016-183, C 2016-261, C 2016-270, C 2016-282, C 2016-304, C 2016-331, C 2016-337, C 2016-338, C 2016-415, C 2016-418 were identified as less susceptible to internode borer
- The application of Chlorantraniliprole 18.5 SC recorded significantly lowest cumulative mean per cent damage of early shoot borer (6.56%) with 69.39 % reduction in damage over control and registered highest cane yield (94.75 t /ha) with highest BC ratio of 1.92.
- The incidence of white grub was noticed in Thiruvannamali dt. (1.9 to 2.8 Nos./m row).
- Incidence of Rhinocerous beetle (2 %) was recorded in Co 11015 during May, 2020 in Kallakurichi district and Red spider mite damage of leaf (3 %) and fall army worm was recorded on Co 86032 with tiller damage and leaves damage of 31.00% and 35.21% respectively.
- Six Cuddalore clones viz., C 16035, C 16108, C16122, C 16337, C 16338 and C 16038 and 5 Melalthur clones viz., 17G010, 17G016, 17G043, 17G060 and 17G068 were identified as moderately resistant to red rot disease.
- Four Cuddalore clones viz., C 15005, C 15006, C 15011 and C 15603 and 12 Melalathur clones viz., 15G010, 15G012, 15G028, 16G012, 16G013, 16G031, 16G032, 16G045, 16G051, 16G064, 16G077 and 16G080 were identified as moderately resistance to smut disease
- Sett treatment with propiconazole (1 ml l⁻¹ for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 ml l⁻¹ at 60 and 90 days after planting) was effective in managing the smut disease which recorded minimum smut incidence of 8.3 % with higher germination (80.2 %), number of millable cane 124.62 (000'/ha) and the maximum cane yield of 117.86 t ha⁻¹.

c. Action plan (2021 -22) (To be continued)

Action plan No. 1	Surveillance of pests and disc	eases of sugarcane (contd.)		
Theme leader	Dr. S. Pasupathy, Professor (Agrl. Entomology), SRS, Cuddalore Dr. V. Ravichandran Asst. Prof. (Plant Pathology), SRS, Cuddalore			
Activity	Name of the scientist(s) and centre	Observations to be made	Deliverables	
 Pests Monitoring emerging pests (borer complex, sucking pests, root feeders, mites, defoliator (if any). Assessment of insect pest and natural enemies population <i>in situ</i>, light and pheromone traps. Impact of light trap on non-target arthropods. Fixed plot and roving survey (on campus fixed plot study at SRS, Cuddalore, SRS/KVK, Sirugamani) and roving survey at fortnightly interval in the District identified during the district specific crop season. 	 SRS, Cuddalore Dr. S. Pasupathy Dr.V. Ravichandran AC&RI, Vazhavachanur Dr. S. Douressamy AC&RI, Kudumiyanmalai Dr.P.Chandramani AC & RI, Killikulam Dr.N.Balakrishnan 	Monitoring to be done throughout the year. Forecasting and forewarning of pest and disease incidence for making management decisions.	of pests and diseases in sugarcane at appropriate times, for taking up	
 Diseases Monitoring and surveillance of red rot, smut, wilt and YLD in endemic areas of the respective district. Fixed plot and roving surveys should be conducted. Weather parameters should be collected Correlation studies with weather parameters and developing forewarning model A forewarning model may be developed for red rot disease using the available data 	 AC & RI, Eachankottai Dr. A.Thirumurugan, ARS, Bhavanisagar Dr. K. Ganesan KVK, Sirugamani Dr. Sheeba Jasmine ACRC,TNAU, Coimbatore Dr. S. Kokilavani 			

Action plan No. 2	Identification of resistant so and diseases	ources with mechanism of resi	stance for major pests	
Theme Leader	Dr. S. Pasupathy, Professor (Agrl. Entomology), SRS, Cuddalore			
	Dr. V. Ravichandran, Assistant Professor (Plant Pathology), SRS, Cuddalore			
Activity	Name of the scientist(s) and centreObservations to be madeDelive			
 Screening pre-release cultures from breeders both under natural and artificial condition as per the standard screening methods for key insect pests and diseases of sugarcane. Identification of resistant sources and study of physical and biochemical characters conferring resistance 	Dr. S. Pasupathy	 Pests Early shoot borer, internode borer and emerging pests. The mechanism of resistance (antixenosis, antibiosis & tolerance) has to be studied Diseases Red rot and smut to be screened both by artificial inoculation and natural condition The mechanism of resistance (physical, biochemical and molecular) has to be studied. 	Identification of resistant clones and resistance mechanisms for pests and diseases of sugarcane for utilizing in breeding programmes.	

Action plan No. 3	Yield loss assessment of sugarcane mite (New)				
Theme leader	Dr. S. Thirumurugan, AC & RI, Eachankottai				
Activity	Name of the scientist(s) and centreObservations to be madeDeliverab				
Population dynamics of sugarcane leaf	SRS, Cuddalore	Observations:	The economic		
mite, <i>Schizotetranychus andropogoni</i> Hirst (Tetranychidae)	Dr. S. Pasupathy	1. Mite population per 2 cm ² area/ leaf @ 3 leaves per cane @ one each at			
and Yield loss assessment	KVK, Sirugamani Dr. Sheeba Jasmine	top, middle and bottom per clump. 2. Number of eggs/ 2 cm ² area per leaf			

AC&RI, Madurai TNAU, Coimbatore	@ three leaves per clump Natural enemy population from three leaves/ clump Cane yield/ha at different infestation levels and intensity	
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Action plan No. 4	Management of smut disease in sugarcane (Contd.)				
Theme leader	Dr. V. Ravichandran, Assistant	Professor (Plant Pathology), SRS, Cuddalore			
Action Plan	Name of the scientist(s) and centre Observations to be made		Deliverables		
Management of smut disease in sugarcane	SRS, Cuddalore Dr.V.Ravichandran, Assistant Professor (Plant Pathology) SRS, Sirugamani Dr.V.Ravichandran, AC&RI, Killikulam Dr.R.Kannan (2 locations)	Experiment I Treatments $T_1 - Sett$ treatment with propiconazole 1 ml I^{-1} for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 ml I^{-1} at 60 and 90 days after planting . $T_2 - Sett$ treatment with <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> (Bpv 57) @ 10 g I^{-1} for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 g I^{-1} at 60 and 90 days after planting . $T_3 - Sett$ treatment with <i>Chetoemium</i> <i>globosum</i> (Cg6) @ 10 g I^{-1} for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 g I^{-1} at 60 and 90 days after planting .	Technology for the management of smut disease in sugarcane		
		T_4 – Sett treatment with carbendazim 1 g l ⁻¹ for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 g l ⁻¹ at 60 and 90 days after planting . T_5 - Untreated control Replications : Four Design: RBD Observations Smut & Red rot severity Yield and BC ratio			

Experiment II
Treatments T ₁ – Sett treatment with propiconazole 1 ml Γ^1 along with 1.0 % urea for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 ml Γ^1 at 60 and 90 days after planting . T ₂ – Sett treatment with <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> (Bpv 57) @ 10 g Γ^1 along with 1.0 % urea for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 g Γ^1 at 60 and 90 days after planting . T ₃ – Sett treatment with <i>Chetoennium</i> <i>globosum</i> (Cg6) @ 10 g Γ^1 along with 1.0 % urea for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 g Γ^1 at 60 and 90 days after planting . T ₄ – Sett treatment with carbendazim 1 g Γ^1 along with 1.0 % urea for 15 min + foliar spraying @ 1 g Γ^1 at 60 and 90 days after planting . T ₅ - Untreated control Replications : Four Design: RBD
Observations Smut & Red rot severity Yield and BC ratio

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C. RESEARCH PROJECTS ON SUGARCANE

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Discipline	Centre	URP	AICRP	Total
Agricultural	SRS, Cuddalore	2	-	2
Entomology	AC&RI, Echankottai	1	-	1
Plant Pathology	SRS, Cuddalore	1	1	2
	Total	4	1	5

D. REMARKS ON THE ONGOING UNIVERSITY RESEARCH PROJECTS

1. Agricultural Entomology

S.	Project number and	Period	Investigators	Remarks
No.	title			
1.	CPPS / CDL / ENT / SUG	Feb	Dr.S.Pasupathy,	The results are to be
	2020/ 001	2019	Professor (Agrl.	consolidated and
	Screening of Sugarcane	to	Entomology)	completion report
	clones for field resistance	Jan 2021	SRS, Cuddalore	should be submitted
	against endemic pests of			
	Cuddalore region			
2.	CPPS / CDL / ENT / SUG /	Feb 2019	Dr.S.Pasupathy,	The results are to be
	2020 / 002	to	Professor (Agrl.	consolidated and
	Surveillance of major	Jan 2021	Entomology),	completion report
	insect pests of Sugar cane		SRS, Cuddalore	should be submitted
	in Cuddalore district			
3.	CPPS/EKT/ENT/SUG/	June	Dr.A.Thirumurugan	The project may be
	2019/001	2019	Professor	continued.
	Developing technology	to	(Entomology) and	
	capsule for the	May	Head,	
	management of pests and	2022	Dr.K.Yamunarani	
	diseases of sugarcane		Asst. Professor	
	under wider row planting.		(Plant Pathology)	
			AC&RI, Echankottai	

Plant Pathology

S. No.	Project No. and Title	Period	Investigators	Remarks
1.	AICRP/PBG/CUD/SUG/ 025 AICRP on sugarcane	2019 to 2020	Dr.V.Ravichandran, Asst. Professor (Plant Pathology) SRS, Cuddalore	The project may be continued as per the technical programme of AICRP (S)
2.	CPPS / CDR / PAT / SUG / 2020 / New Evaluation of sugarcane clones for smut disease resistance and its management	Sept 2020 to August 2023	Dr.V.Ravichandran, Asst. Professor (Plant Pathology) SRS, Cuddalore	The project may be continued.

V. GENERAL REMARKS

CROP IMPROVEMENT

- Action may taken up to spread the TNAU released sugarcane varieties in sugar mill area (**Action:** SRS, Cuddalore, Melalathur and Sirugamani)
- A separate trial may be planted during special season (2021-22) by assembling high sugared clones (>24 HR Brix) identified from various station trials along with the check varieties, CoC13339, Co 11015 and Co 86032 (**Action:** SRS, Cuddalore, Melalathur and Sirugamani)
- Development of sugarcane variety specific to high jaggery yield through crossing between high sugared varieties (**Action:** SRS, Melalathur and Cuddalore)
- Strengthen the germplasm collection by assembling more collections from Tamil Nadu and other state released sugarcane varieties (**Action:** SRS, Cuddalore, Melalathur and Sirugamani)
- Explore the possibilities of making *Erianthus arundinaceus* x high sugar variety cross for developing inter-generic hybrids at NHG, ICAR-SBI, Coimbatore and SRS, Sirugamani (**Action:** SRS, Cuddalore and Sirugamani)
- The sodicity trials may taken up at SRS, Sirugamani in the identified fields instead of ADAC&RI, Trichy (**Action:** SRS, Sirugamani)
- A separate field may be dedicated at SRS, Sirugamani for Screening for water logging tolerance (**Action:** SRS, Sirugamani)
- Red rot screening through spore spray technique may be followed this year fluff seedlings also for any two high sugar variety cross combinations (**Action:** SRS, Cuddalore)
- Simultaneous screening of clones for dual tolerance for drought and sodicity/salinity to be continued with another set of clones (**Action:** SRS, Melalathur and Sirugamani)
- A special meeting may be arranged by The Director, Agri Business Development to popularize the jaggery varieties of TNAU to the jaggery producers (**Action:** SRS, Melalathur and DABD, TNAU, Coimbatore)

CROP MANAGEMENT

• Intensive efforts should be taken to cultivate sugarcane with full mechanization packages.

NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- In multi micronutrient foliar formulation, the days of spray may be redefined in view of practicality (Action: Dept.of SS&AC, DNRM, Cbe).
- The product *Kombucha* may be submitted for Technology Transfer through an appraisal and proposal submission to the Director, ABD, TNAU, Coimbatore. A suitable Tamil name must be selected and renamed before release (Action: SRS, Cuddalore).

CROP PROTECTION

- All the scientists are instructed to monitor the insect pests, diseases and nematodes of sugarcane in their districts regularly. If any outbreak of existing pests, disease and nematodes or occurrence of new insect pests, diseases and nematodes noticed, it should be reported to the Director (CPPS) immediately.
- Monthly pest and disease surveillance report should be submitted to the Professor and Head, Department of Agrl. Entomology, CPPS on or before 25th of every month without fail in the Google forms for consolidation.
- Pest/disease forewarning models may be developed for important pests and diseases in sugarcane involving scientists from Mathematics, statistics and ACRC, TNAU, Coimbatore by convening a joint meeting. At least a forewarning model for red rot may be developed using the available data.

VI. LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

University officers

- 1 Dr. K. S. Subramanian, Director of Research, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 2 Dr. S. Geetha, Director, CPBG, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 3 Dr. V. Geethalakshmi , Director, CMS, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 4 Dr. V. Ambethgar, Director, TRRI, Aduthurai
- 5 Dr. R. Santhi, Director, NRM, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 6 Dr. K. Prabakar, Director, CPPS, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 7 Dr. S. Mohankumar, Director, CPMB &B, TNAU, Coimbatore
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- 9 Dr. S. Sundareswaran, Director, Seeds, TNAU, Coimbatore
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- 13 Dr. T. Raguchendar, Dean, DSW, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 14 Dr. S.D. Sivakumar, Director, ABD, TNAU, Coimbatore
- 15 Dr. K.R. Ashok, Director, CARDS, TNAU, Coimbatore

Professor and Heads of various Departments, TNAU, Coimbatore

- 16 Dr. C.R.Chinnamuthu, P&H, Dept. of Agronomy
- 17 Dr. N.Sathiah, P&H, Dept. of Agrl. Entomology
- 18 Dr. G.Karthikeyan, P&H, Dept. of Plant Pathology
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- 20 Dr.M.K.Kalarani, P&H, Dept. of Crop Physiology
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29 Dr. N.Chandra Sekaran, Professor (SS&AC)

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- 34 Dr.S.Gokilavani, Assistant Professor (Agronomy)
- 35 Dr. V. Bhaskaran, Assistant Professor (Entomology)
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List of participants in 29th sugarcane scientist meet (online mode)

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